1	JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General of the State of California
2	SUSAN FITZGERALD, Deputy Attorney General
3   110 West A Street, Suite 700	
4	Telephone: (619) 237-7309
5	Attorneys for Complainant
6	
7	BEFORE THE
8	DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY
9	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE
10	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
11	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
12	In the Matter of the Accusation ) NO. D-3788
13	Against:  ) STIPULATED DECISION  JERRY NEIL DAND M. D
14	JERRY NEIL RAND, M.D. ) AND ORDER 17672 Beach Boulevard )
15	Suites A and B ) Huntington Beach, CA 92647 )
16	Physician's and Surgeon's ) Certificate No. G 025749 )
17	j
18	Respondent. )
19	It is hereby stipulated by and between the parties in the
20	above-captioned matter, that the following is true:
21	1. Jerry Neil Rand, M.D. (hereafter "Respondent") was
22	issued Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 025749 by the
23	Board of Medical Quality Assurance of the State of California
24	(hereinafter the "Board"), on or about June 24, 1973. Responden
25	is a supervisor of physician's assistants.
26	2. On or about June 3, 1988, a preliminary injunction
27	issued restraining Respondent from the practice of medicine,

including supervision of physician's assistants. This injunction remains in place at present.

- 3. On or about May 3, 1988, Kenneth J. Wagstaff in his official capacity, and not otherwise, caused to be filed Accusation No. D-3788 alleging causes for disciplinary action against Respondent. A true and accurate copy of that Accusation is attached to this Stipulation and Order and is incorporated by reference herein. That Accusation was duly and properly served on Respondent, and thereafter Respondent filed a timely Notice of Defense requesting a hearing on the charges and allegations set forth in Accusation No. D-3788.
- 4. On or about June 2, 1988, Kenneth J. Wagstaff in his official capacity, and not otherwise, caused to be filed a Supplemental Accusation. A true and accurate copy of the Supplemental Accusation is attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein. The Supplemental Accusation was duly and properly served on Respondent and he has filed a timely Notice of Defense to both the Accusation and the Supplemental Accusation.
- 5. At all times mentioned herein, complainant has been represented by John K. Van De Kamp, Attorney General of the State of California, by and through Susan Fitzgerald, Deputy Attorney General, personally.
- 6. Respondent is self-represented in these administrative proceedings.

Respondent has viewed the charges and allegations set forth in Accusation and Supplemental Accusation No. D-3788, and fully understands them. Respondent herein has been informed of

his rights to an administrative hearing on the charges and allegations set forth in said Accusation; his right to confront and cross-examine witnesses; his right to use of process to secure witnesses and documents as evidence for his own case in defense and/or mitigation; his right to reconsideration of any decision adverse to him; and his right to appeal to the courts as enumerated in both the Government Code and the Code of Civil Procedure in the State of California.

- 7. Respondent herein knowingly and intelligently gives up and waives his right to a hearing and all other rights which may be accorded him pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act as set forth in the Government Code and the Code of Civil Procedure in the State of California, and stipulates and agrees that the charges and allegations set forth in Accusation and Supplemental Accusation No. D-3788 may be resolved by the Division of Medical Quality pursuant to the instant stipulation and order.
- 8. For purposes of the instant matter and the Board, Respondent herein stipulates to the truth of each and every factual allegation set forth in paragraphs 8 (A,B, C, D, E, G and H), 9 (A and B), and 11 of the Accusation and Amended Accusation and paragraphs 15, 16, and 17 and all subparts of the Supplemental Accusation. This admission shall be for the purpose of this action and any other future action involving Respondent and the Division of Medical Quality, but shall be null, void, and inadmissible in any other proceedings.

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9. It is further stipulated that during the period of time encompassing the acts set forth in paragraphs 8 (A, B, C, D, E, G and H), 9 (A and B), 11, 15, 16, and 17, inclusive, that respondent was mentally or physically ill as a result of substance abuse to such an extent that his ability to practice medicine safely was impaired and that he may continue to be so impaired through the present time.

- 10. It is deemed stipulated that the Board makes the following findings in this matter:
- A. The charges and allegations of violation of Title 16, California Code of Regulation sections 1399.545(h) and 1399.541(h) in the original Accusation (failure to adequately supervise physician's assistants) are deemed dismissed;
- B. The <u>charges</u> in the Supplemental Accusation of violations of Business and Professions Code sections 2234(b), (gross negligence), 2234(c), (repeated negligent acts), and 2234(d), (incompetence), are deemed dismissed. The <u>factual</u> <u>allegations</u> in paragraph 15 and its subparts of the Supplemental Accusation (admitted as true by respondent in paragraph 8 herein above) are stipulated to be further acts illustrative of respondent's inability to practice medicine safely due to mental or physical illness as a result of substance abuse. Respondent's certificate, thus, is subject to disciplinary action by the Board in accordance with Business and Professions Code sections 821, 822, 2239(a) and 2240.
- 11. In consideration of the stipulations, admissions, and waivers made herein, it is stipulated and agreed that the

Board may issue the following decision in settlement of Accusation and Supplemental Accusation No. D-3788:

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Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 025749, previously issued to Respondent Jerry Neil Rand, is hereby revoked; however, said order of revocation shall be stayed and Respondent placed on probation to the Board for a period of five (5) years subject to the following terms and conditions:

A. Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this decision, Respondent shall submit to the Board for its <u>prior</u> approval a drug rehabilitation program in which Respondent shall participate at least weekly for at least fifty (50) weeks of each calendar year for the duration of probation. This program must include, but not be limited to, random biological fluid testing and counseling on a regular basis. The Diversion Program of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance is recommended if that program will accept Respondent for formal contractual participation in the program.

If Respondent is accepted into the Board of Medical Quality Assurance's diversion program, Respondent shall not practice medicine or supervise physician's assistants until such time as both the Diversion Evaluation Committee and the Enforcement Division of the Board of Medical Quality Assurance conclude that Respondent may safely re-enter the practice of medicine.

Should Respondent be accepted into a rehabilitation program other than the Board's diversion program, Respondent shall not practice medicine or supervise physician's assistants

until such time as the director of Respondent's rehabilitation program and the Enforcement Division of the Board conclude that Respondent may safely re-enter the practice of medicine.

- B. When both the Board's diversion program, or other drug rehabilitation program, and the Board's enforcement division determine that respondent is ready to resume medical practice, respondent shall take and pass an oral clinical examination in respondent's specialty field of medicine. If Respondent fails any such examination, respondent shall not practice medicine until Respondent has passed an oral clinical exam and has been so notified in writing by the Division of Medical Quality. The waiting period between repeat examinations shall be at three month intervals until success is achieved. The Board shall pay the cost of the first examination and respondent shall pay the cost of any subsequent re-examinations.
- C. Respondent shall abstain completely from the personal use or possession of controlled substances as defined in the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, and dangerous drugs as defined by section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code, or any drugs requiring a prescription unless said controlled substances or dangerous drugs are lawfully prescribed to Respondent for a bona fide illness or condition by another practitioner.
- D. Respondent shall obey all Federal, State, and local laws, and all rules governing the practice of medicine in California.

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- E. Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations under penalty of perjury on forms provided by the Division of Medical Quality stating whether there has been compliance with all of the conditions of probation.
- F. Respondent shall comply with the Division of Medical Quality's probation surveillance program.
- G. Respondent shall appear in person for interviews with the Division's medical consultant upon request at various intervals and with reasonable notice.
- H. In the event Respondent should leave California to reside or to practice outside the state, Respondent must notify the Division in writing of the date of departure and return. Periods of residency and practice outside California will not apply to the reduction of this probationary program.
- I. Upon successful completion of probation, Respondent's certificate will be fully restored.
- J. If Respondent violates probation in any respect, including strict compliance with the Board's Diversion Program should Respondent be accepted into said program, the Division, after giving Respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an Accusation or a Petition to Revoke Probation is filed against Respondent during probation, the Division shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter is final.

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1	K. In the event Respondent is accepted into either the
2	Board's Diversion Program or another drug rehabilitation program,
3	and Respondent fails to complete that program, the order of
4	revocation called here and above shall be imposed without further
5	hearing, and the Respondent shall thereafter be required to
6	petition the Division for restoration of his certificate one year
7	from his effective date of revocation.
8	I have read the foregoing Stipulation and Order and have
9	discussed the terms and conditions with my counsel. I understand
10	the terms and conditions and I agree to be bound by them.
11	Dated: 9/18/89
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13	JERRY NEZL RAND, M.D.
14	Respondent
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16	The Instant Stipulation and Order is submitted to the
17	Division for adoption as its decision in Case No. D-3788.
18	Dated: September 18, 1989
19	JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General of the State of California
20	of the state of carriering
21	SUSAN FITZGERALD
22	Deputy Attorney General
23	Attorneys for Complainant
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1	<u>ORDER</u>
2	The Instant Stipulation is adopted as the decision of
3	the Board of Medical Quality Assurance in Case No. D-3788
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5	effective the 25thday of September, 1989.
6	DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY
7	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE State of California
8	State of California
9	By: Wagotat
10	KENNETH WAGSTAGG, Executive Director
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1	JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General of the State of California
2	SUSAN FITZGERALD,
3	
4	San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 237-7309
5	Attorneys for Complainant
6	
7	BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY
8	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	In the Matter of the Accusation ) No. D-3788
12	Against:
13	JERRY NEIL RAND, M.D. )  17672 Beach Boulevard ) ACCUSATION
14	Suites A and B )
15	Huntington Beach, CA 92647 )
16	Physician's and Surgeon's ) Certificate No. G 025749 )
17	Respondent. )
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19	Kenneth J. Wagstaff alleges:
20	1. He is the Executive Officer of the Board of
21	Medical Quality Assurance ("Board") and makes these charges
22	and allegations in his official capacity.
23	License Status
24	2. At all times mentioned herein, Jerry Neil Rand,
25	M.D. ("respondent"), held physician's and surgeon's license
26	No. G 025749 issued to him by the Board on June 24, 1973.
27	Respondent is a supervisor of physician's assistants.

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3. At all times relevant herein, respondent has maintained a medical office located at 17672 Beach Boulevard, Suites A and B, Huntington Beach, California, ("respondent's office").

# Temporary Restraining Order/Preliminary Injunction

- 4. On April 20, 1988, the Orange County Superior Court issued a Temporary Restraining Order ("TRO") against respondent's right to practice medicine, his right to supervise the practice of medicine and against his right to prescribe, dispense, furnish, order or possess controlled substances or dangerous drugs except as prescribed to him by a treating physician.
- 5. Hearing regarding the Order to Show Cause regarding the Preliminary Injunction is set for May 5, 1988.

#### Statutes and Regulations

- 6. This accusation is made in reference to the following statutes:
- A. Business and Professions Code ("Code") section 820 provides, as relevant hereto, that whenever it appears that any person holding a license, certificate or permit under this Division (Division 2, §§ 500 4998.7, inclusive) may be unable to practice his profession safely because the licentiate's ability to practice is impaired due to mental illness, or physical illness affecting competency, the licensing agency may order the licentiate to be examined by one or more physicians and surgeons or psychologists designated by the agency. The report of the examiners shall be made available to the

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licentiate and may be received as direct evidence in proceedings conducted pursuant to section 822 of the Code.

- Section 821 of the Code provides that the licentiate's failure to comply with an order issued under section 820 shall constitute grounds for the suspension or revocation of the licentiate's certificate or license.
  - C. Section 822 provides:

"If a licensing agency determines that its licentiate's ability to practice his or her profession safely is impaired because the licentiate is mentally ill, or physically ill affecting competency, the licensing agency may take action by any one of the following methods:

- Revoking the licentiate's certificate or license.
- Suspending the licentiate's right to practice.
  - Placing the licentiate on probation.
- Taking such other action in relation to the licentiate as the licensing agency in its discretion deems proper."

The licensing agency shall not reinstate a revoked or suspended certificate or license until it has received competent evidence of the absence or control of the condition which caused its action and until it is satisfied that with due regard for the public health and safety the person's right to practice his or her profession may be safety reinstated.

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D. Section 2018 provides that each division of the Board may, within its jurisdiction adopt regulations necessary to enable it to carry into effect the provisions of law relating to the practice of medicine.

- E. Section 2239(a) provides that it is unprofessional conduct for a physician to use, prescribe for himself or self administer any controlled substances or use any dangerous drugs to such an extent that he becomes a danger to himself, other persons or the public, or impairs his ability to practice his profession safely.
- F. Section 2240 provides that it is unprofessional conduct for a licensee to attend patients while intoxicated to such an extent as to impair his ability to practice medicine with safety to his patients.
- G. Section 2234 provides, inter alia, that it is unprofessional conduct to violate, directly or indirectly any provision of Chapter 5 of the Business and Professions Code ("Medicine").
- 1.) Section 3510, provides the Physician's
  Assistant's Examining Committee with the authority to adopt
  regulations necessary to enable it to implement the provisions
  of Chapter 5 under its jurisdiction.
- 2.) Title 16, California Code of Regulations ("CCR") section 1399.541(h) provides that a physician's assistant may:

"Administer medication to a patient, or transmit orally, or in writing on a patient's record, a prescription from his or her supervising physician to a

1 person who may lawfully furnish such medication or 2 medical device. The supervising physician's prescription, transmitted by the physician assistant, for 3 any patient cared for by the physician assistant, shall 5 be based either on a patient-specific order by the supervising physician or on written protocol which 6 7 specifies all criteria for the use of a specific drug or 8 device and any contraindications for the selection. A 9 physician assistant shall not provide a drug or transmit 10 a prescription for a drug other than that drug specified 11 in the protocol, without a patient- specific order from a supervising physician. At the direction and under the 12 13 supervision of a physician supervisor, a physician assistant may hand to a patient of the supervising 14 15 physician a properly labeled prescription drug 16 prepackaged by a physician, a manufacturer, as defined in 17 the Pharmacy Law, or a pharmacist. In any case, the 18 medical record of any patient cared for by the physician 19 assistant for whom the physician's prescription has been 20 transmitted or carried out shall be reviewed and 21 countersigned and dated by a supervising physician within 22 (7) days. A physician assistant may not administer, provide or transmit a prescription for controlled 23 substances in Schedules II through V inclusive without 24 25 patient-specific authority by a supervising physician."

3.) CCR section 1399.545(h) provides, inter alia, that the supervising physician shall be responsible for all

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medical services provided by a physician assistant under his supervision.

### Drugs

- 7. At all times relevant herein the following drugs have been, and currently are, dangerous drugs within the meaning of Business and Professions Code section 4211, and, at times relevant herein, classified as controlled substances as follows:
- A. <u>Tylenol with Codeine</u>, a brand name for acetaminophen with codeine, (in either strength #3 or #4) is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11056(e)(2).
- B. <u>Valium</u>, a brand name for diazepam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11057(d)(7).
- C. Xanax, a brand name for alprazolam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 Code of Federal Regulations 1308.14(c)(1).
- D. <u>Demerol</u>, a brand name for meperidine hydrochloride, is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11055(c)(16).
- E. Talwin, a brand name for pentazocine hydrochloride and naloxone hydrochloride, m is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11057(g)(1).

- F. <u>Darvon</u>, a brand name for dextropropoxphene, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11057(c)(2).
  - G. <u>Halcion</u>, a brand name for triazolam, is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 Code of Federal Regulations 1308.14(c)(45).
  - H. <u>Fiorinal</u>, a brand name for butalbital, aspirin and caffeine is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11056(b)(3).
  - I. <u>Fioricet</u>, a brand name for butatertal, acetaminophen and caffeine is a dangerous drug pursuant to California Business and Professions Code section 4211.
  - J. Anexia, a brand name for hydorcodone, with uncontrolled ingredients, is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 11056(e).

## Charges and Allegations

8. Respondent has violated provisions of the Business and Professions Code ("Medical Practice Act") and is subject to discipline by reason of the following:

#### Mental and/or Physical Illness/Substance Abuse

A. In or about August 31, 1987, respondent was hospitalized at Fountain Valley Hospital for a course of steroid treatment relative to back injury/pain and for observation regarding drug dependency and possible detoxification. The medical records show that he was self-

- 1 administering hypnotic sedative and pain medications from at
- 2 least mid-1986.
- On or about September 24, 1987, after respondent's 3 hospitalization at Fountain Valley Hospital in August-September of 1987, respondent exhibited paranoid behavior on examination by neurologist H. Richard Adams, M.D. Dr. Adams found no evidence of pain behavior neurologically but felt respondent continued to exhibit a thought disorder and needed psychiatric 9 treatment. Respondent requested in-patient evaluation of his 10 emotional status.
- On or about October 28, 1987, respondent was admitted to Memorial Medical Center of Long Beach as an 12 13 in-patient to the Spine Pain Management Program. The medical records show diagnoses on discharge which include "drug 15 dependency" and "underlying depression and manipulatory 16 personality."
  - On or about November 21, 1987, in Orange County, California respondent was arrested for illegal possession of controlled substances for his personal use. At time of arrest, respondent was assaultive toward his live-in-girlfriend and her child and irrational. Among the drugs seized were the following: 97 tablets of Anexia, 48 Darvon capsules and 39 Fiorinal capsules. None of the containers for these drugs bore labels indicating a prescription for them to respondent.
  - On or about November 25, 1987, respondent was E. admitted to UCI Medical Center pursuant to California Health & Welfare Code section 5150 with diagnoses including major

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- depression; sedative, hypnotic and opioid (opiate) abuse; narcissistic personality disorder. The records indicate a history of sporadic psychiatric treatment and chronic prescription drug abuse. The records also show that respondent checked himself out of the hospital on November 30, 1987, although his mood was not improved.
- F. Respondent has, in the past and over several years taken approximately 40 to 50 mg. of Valium per day.
- G. Respondent's history as set forth above in subparagraphs 5 (A-F) show that respondent's ability to practice his profession safely is impaired due to mental and/or physical illness affecting competency, which is cause for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 822.
- H. Respondent's history as set forth above in subparagraphs 5 (A-F) show that respondent has used, prescribed for himself or self-administered controlled substances or used dangerous drugs to such an extent that he has become a danger to himself, other persons or the public, or has impaired his ability to practice his profession safely, which violates Code section 2239(a).

## Intoxication While Attending Patient

9. On April 12, 1988, Jenny E. took her small daughter to be examined by respondent for a suspected ear infection. Jenny E. observed respondent to enter the office looking as if he had just gotten out of bed and to be walking "wobbly". She explained her daughter's complaints of crying, fever and earache to respondent, to which he replied, "When is

- her surgery?" Jenny E. observed that respondent's speech was slurred, he could not stand straight, and that his eyes were red and crossed. Respondent subsequently stated he would write a prescription for penicillin but Jenny E. observed that when he tried to write the prescription, he could not physically do so. He then stated to her, "Oh, well, give her some Tylenol". At that point Jenny E. took her children and fled respondent's office.
- A. Respondent's conduct on April 12, 1988, as set forth above in subparagraph 6(A) shows that respondent was intoxicated while attending a patient to such an extent that it impaired his ability to safely treat that patient, which violates Code section 2240.
- B. Respondent's conduct on April 12, 1988, resulted from and shows that respondent used or self administered controlled substances and/or dangerous drugs to such an extent that it impaired his ability to safely practice his profession and endangered other persons (i.e., his patient), which violates Code section 2239(a).

## Failure to Supervise Physician's Assistants

of 1987, respondent supervised at least one physician's assistant. During that time, but not necessarily limited thereto, respondent signed large numbers of blank prescriptions for his physician's assistants' use when seeing patients. There were neither patient-specific orders by

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respondent for the prescriptions nor written protocols regarding the drugs prescribed.

- Respondent's conduct as set forth above in subparagraph 7(A) shows that respondent failed to properly supervise his physician's assistants, which constitutes a violation of his responsibility for all medical services provided by a physician assistant under respondent's supervision pursuant to CCR section 1399.545(h) in conjunction with section 1399.541(h).
- Respondent's conduct as set forth above in 11. paragraph 5, 6, and 7 and their subparts, show repeated instances of unprofessional conduct by respondent which constitutes grounds to discipline respondent's license under sections 822, 2239(a), and 2234 of the California Business and Professions Code.

WHEREFORE, complainant prays the Division hold a hearing on the above allegations and following said hearing:

- Revoke respondent's certificate to practice medicine:
- Take such other and further action as the Division deems appropriate to protect the public health, safety and welfare.

KENNETH J.

Executive Director

Director of Medical Quality Board of Medical Quality Assurance

State of California

11.

OURT PAPER

JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General of the State of California 2 SUSAN FITZGERALD, Deputy Attorney General 3 110 West A Street, Suite 700 San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: (619) 237-7309 5 Attorneys for Complainant 6 BEFORE THE 7 DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY 8 BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE 9 DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS 10 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 In the Matter of the Accusation No. D-3788 Against: 13 JERRY NEIL RAND, M.D. SUPPLEMENTAL 17672 Beach Boulevard 14 ACCUSATION Suites A and B 15 Huntington Beach, CA 16 Physician's and Surgeon's Certificate No. G 025749 17 Respondent. 18 19 20 Kenneth J. Wagstaff alleges: 21 12. He is the executive officer of the Board of Medical 22 Quality Assurance and makes this supplemental accusation in his 23 official capacity only. 24 Complainant incorporates and realleges each and every allegation of paragraphs 1-11 of the original accusation 25

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as though fully set forth herein.

- 14. This supplemental accusation is brought with reference to section 2234 of the California Business and Professions Code ("Code") which provides for the Board to take action against any licensee charged with unprofessional conduct, which includes but is not limited to:
  - (b) gross negligence
  - (c) repeated negligent acts
  - (d) incompetence
- 15. Respondent has subjected his license to discipline under Code section 2234 on account of the following:

#### Patient J.V.

- A. On October 26, 1986, J.V. went to respondent's office and was seen and treated by respondent for complaints of chest pain. J.V. was referred to the emergency room at Humana Hospital and admitted there in the afternoon of October 26, 1986 with a diagnosis of unstable angina.
- B. Although respondent telephoned orders to the hospital prior to J.V.'s admission, respondent did not see J.V. until approximately 8:00 on October 27, 1986.
- C. Between the time of admission and the time of respondent first saw J.V. in the hospital, the patient's electrocardiogram ("ECG") changed from "normal" to possible subendocardial damage.
- D. Respondent failed to write or dictate a final discharge progress note and to keep full progress notes regarding J.V.

- E. Grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 2234 in that paragraphs 15(A-D) show that:
- 1. Respondent was grossly negligent in his failure to personally attend J.V. on the date of admission.
- 2. Respondent acted incompetently and negligently by failing to document complete assessment of J.V., including a discharge summary.

## Patient R.R.

- F. On February 9, 1986, R.R. went to respondent's office and was seen and treated by respondent for complaints of shortness of breath and cough.
- G. At respondent's office, R.R. was injected with penicillin after which he had a seizure. Respondent attempted to administer adrenalin but failed. Respondent administered CPR and Valium, and R.R. was admitted to the emergency room at Humana Hospital that same day.
- H. Respondent did not tell any medical personnel at Humana emergency room about the penicillin injection or the attempted adrenalin treatment until emergency room personnel called respondent to confirm respondent's actions after they learned of them from R.R.'s wife.
- I. On his admitting orders for R.R., respondent wrote an order for ampicillin. Another physician cancelled that order and substituted another antibiotic not of the penicillin family of drugs.
- J. Respondent failed to keep full progress notes on R.R. and respondent's admission history and physical

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examination failed to note his treatment of R.R. with adrenalin and Valium.

- K. Grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 2234 in that paragraphs 15(F-J) show that:
- 1. Respondent was grossly negligent in his failure to relay critical information regarding his office treatment of R.R. to another physician about an unstable patient;
- 2. Respondent was grossly negligent in that he intended to administer a drug (ampicillin) which previously had been related to a significant adverse reaction (seizure);
- 3. Respondent acted incompetently and negligently by failing to document complete assessment of R.R., including progress notes and admission history.

## Patient S.S.

- L. On or about March 2, 1986, S.S. went to respondent's office and was seen and treated by respondent for complaints of a two-week history of cough, fever, chills, vomiting and an 11 lb. weight loss.
- M. On March 2, 1986, S.S. was admitted to Humana Hospital by respondent with a diagnosis of bilateral pneumonia, with a prior history of three pneumonia episodes in 1984 and one in mid-January 1986.
- N. Respondent placed S.S. on two different antibiotics, concurrently, upon her admission to the hospital.
- O. S.S.'s discharge diagnoses, of March 7, 1986, were bilateral pneumonia and iron deficiency anemia.

- P. S.S.'s hospital records show no significant attempt by respondent to establish the causes of either the pneumonia or the anemia.
- Q. Respondent failed to write or otherwise record full assessment, progress and discharge notes on S.S.
- R. Grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 2234 in that paragraphs 15(L-Q) show that:
- Respondent incompetently and negligently treated
   S.S. with two antibiotics concurrently without medical reason;
- 2. Respondent incompetently and negligently managed and evaluated S.S.'s pneumonia;
- 3. Respondent acted incompetently and negligently by failing to document complete assessment of S.S., including progress and discharge notes.

## Patient V.N.

- S. On February 18, 1985, V.N. was admitted to Humana Hospital by respondent with complaints of acute urinary retention and overflow incontinence. No rectal examination was done on V.N. either at time of admission or at any time during this hospitalization. On or about February 18, 1985, thyroid function tests were run on V.N. and were within normal limits.
- T. On May 12, 1986, V.N. was again admitted to Humana Hospital by respondent with a chief complaint of intractable diarrhea.
- U. During this May, 1986, hospitalization, an elevated gastrin level in S.S. was detected. There is no

- v. During this May, 1986, hospitalization, repeated thyroid studies of V.N. were performed, despite the previous thyroid studies of February 18, 1985 being normal. Respondent listed thyrotoxicosis as a discharge diagnosis with intent to follow up with a thyroid scan.
- W. No neurological examination is noted in respondent's admission examination, although it is noted by the urological consultant.
- X. Grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 2234 in that paragraphs 15 (S-W) show that:
- 1. Respondent incompetently diagnosed V.N. as suffering from thyrotoxicosis upon her discharge from Humana Hospital in May of 1986.
- 2. Respondent negligently failed to perform a rectal examination of V.N. during V.N.'s hospitalization in February of 1985.
- 3. Respondent negligently failed either to conduct a neurological examination of V.N. upon her hospital admission in May, 1986, or to record that respondent had, in fact, conducted such an examination as part of the admission examination.

## Patient J.K.

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- On or about August 1, 1985, respondent admitted J.K. to Humana Hospital with right upper quadrant abdominal pain after a fall four days before, a fever and positive The admission diagnosis was acute Murphy's signs. cholecystitis.
  - A rectal examination was not performed.
- Grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license under Code section 2234 in that paragraphs 15(Y & Z) show that respondent negligently failed to conduct and/or record rectal examination of patient J.K. upon his admission or during his hospitalization.
- Further grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license in that paragraph nine of the original accusation show that respondent was intoxicated while attending a patient, which constitutes gross negligence under Code section 2234(b).
- Further grounds exist for discipline of respondent's license in that paragraphs 15(D), (J), (N), (P), (Q), (S), (U), (W) and (Z) show respondent's repeated negligent acts, which violate section 2234(c).

WHEREFORE, complainant prays that the Division hold a hearing on the allegations of both the original and supplemental accusations and, following said hearing:

Revoke respondent's certificate to practice medicine;

Executive Director Director of Medical Quality Board of Medical Quality Assurance State of California

Take such other and further action as it deems

1 2	JOHN K. VAN DE KAMP, Attorney General of the State of California
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3	110 West A Street,Suite 700 San Diego, California 92101
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5	Attorneys for Complainant
6	
7	BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY
8	BOARD OF MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE
9	DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	
12	In the Matter of the Accusation ) NO. D-3788 Against:
13	<b>,</b>
14	JERRY NEIL RAND, M.D. ) AMENDED 17672 Beach Boulevard )
15	Suites A and B ) ACCUSATION Huntington Beach, California 92647 )
16	Respondent.
17	
18	Kenneth J. Wagstaff alleges:
19	1. He is the Executive Officer of the Board of Medical
20	Quality Assurance ("Board") and makes this Amended Accusation
21	solely in his official capacity.
22	2. This Amended Accusation only corrects typographical
23	errors in paragraph 11 of Accusation D-3788, as follows:
24	Paragraph 11, p. 11, 1. 11, is amended to read
25	
26	
27	//
	· ·

as follows: "paragraph 8, 9 and 10 and their subparts, show repeated" DATED: 3/2/89 Executive Director
Board of Medical Quality Assurance State of California Complainant